P12

Scott.HI-27—36,000—30-10-37.

Revenue (1939) Department.

Ms SERIES.

G.O. No. 297

DATED 6-2-1939

[Despatch Abstract.]

Jurisdiction - Bellary Dt - Old Hadagalli taluk. Restoration - Part-II Scheme for 1939 40 - Deferred.

3

C.F. 31—17,006—9-2-37.

Revenue **DEPARTMENT.**

CURRENT No. 1746 C. C1 4b 2815

Received 29 SEP 1938 19 *Registered* 2879 19

Subject.

Jurisdiction - (Bellary) - Old Hadagalli Taluk - Restoration - Part II Scheme for 1939-1940 - Submitted -

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Reference-C-No.6667/38.1,

Station Madras, *Dated the* 27th September 1938.

From F.R.Brislee, Esquire, I.C.S.,

Secretary,

Board of Revenue.

F.W.Stewart, Esquire, M.C., C.I.E., I.C.S., Commissioner of Land Revenue.

-

D.N.Strathie, Esquire, I.C.S., Commissioner of Separate Revenue and Excise.

-

T.Austin, Esquire, I.C.S., Commissioner of Land Revenue and Settlement.

Read the following paper:-

(P) G.O.No.Misc.,474 Revenue, dated the 22nd February 1938.

II

Letter from J.W.Pritchard, Esquire, I.C.S., Collector of Bellary, D.Dis.No.3496/38 dated the 9th September 1938.

b.Bifa

:-:

REFERENCE.

(P) The Board invites the attention of the Government to their Order No.474 Misc., Revenue dated the 22nd February 1938 in which they requested it to bring forward the scheme for the restoration of Old Hadagalli Taluk for consideration as a Part II Scheme for 1939-1940 if it considered that the scheme was absolutely essential. The Collector of Bellary reports that the restoration of the Taluk is quite essential. The

The Board considers that the restoration of the Taluk is absolutely essential and requests that the Government may be pleased to treat the proposal as a Part II Schème for 1939-1940.

Ramachandran.
for S e c r e t a r y.

To the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, with a 27.9.38
copy of the Collector's report.

:-:

c.n.n./27-9-1938.

27.9

Finance Department.

U.O. Note No. 23305 G-3, dated 24-1-1939.

Part II Schemes for 1939-40.

The Revenue Department may be informed that it has been decided to include provision in the Budget for 1939-40 for the Part II Schemes provisionally selected by the Hon'ble Ministers and communicated with the Finance Department U.O. Note No. 23305 B.G-2, dated the 17th January 1939 and also for the following schemes:--

Subject of the scheme.	Ultimate cost. Rs.	Cost in 1939-40. Rs.
(i) Acquisition of T.S. No1 603-2 of Cannanore, Malabar District for the use of departments of the Provincial Government.	15,000 (non-recurring)	15,000 (non-recurring)
(ii) Construction of a building for the Deputy Tahsildar's office, Satyamangalam, Coimbatore District.	46,500 (Non-recurring)	5,000 (Non-recurring) (Rs.4,500 not after allowing for a probable saving of Rs.500/-)

C.A. Sundaram Ayyar,
Assistant Secretary to Government.

To Revenue Department.

Forwarded.

/By Order/

VIII. Provincial Excise.
Loss of Revenue.

S.No.	Item No. in the previous note.	Description of the scheme.	Ultimate loss of revenue.		Loss of revenue in 1939-1940.	
			Recurring.	Non-recurring.	Recurring.	Non-recurring
1	2	3	4 Rs.	5	6 Rs.	7
124	(231)	Reduction of the duty on spirit contained in spirituous medicinal preparations.	25,000	..	25,000	..
		Total ..	25,000	..	25,000	..
		25. General Administration.				
125	(233	Employment of temporary clerks to work under Assistant Collectors under training.	4,500	..	3,100	..
126	(234)	Restoration of the old Kamalapuram taluk in the Cuddapah district.	3,000	100	800	100
		Total ..	7,500	100	3,900	100

3 5

Letter from J.W.Pritchard, Esquire, I.C.S., Collector of Bellary, D.Dis.No.3496/38 dated the 9th September 1938.

Refce.- Board's L.Dis.No.C-5696/38 dated the 6th August 1938.

--

I reported in my D.Dis.C.No.3260/38 dated the 19th August 1938 that there was no proposal for inclusion in Part II Estimates for 1939-1940. In this connection I beg to invite the Board's attention to B.P.No.666 Misc., dated the 1st March 1938 in which the Board ordered to - bring forward the restoration of old Hadagalli taluk for consideration as Part II Scheme for 1939-1940 if it was absolutely essential. As the Revenue Divisional Officer Hospet has now reported that the restoration is quite - essential, I recommend that it may be included as Part II Scheme for 1939-1940.

c.n.n./27-9-1938.

27.9

C I & B

Revised

ASSISTANT SECRETARY TO GOVT. 15 FEB 1938

Jurisdiction — Bellary — Old Hadagalli Tk — Restoration — Part scheme — CBE 81 against 15.9.38

Tours

The call has been opened with reference to the order in Ge. 474 Rev Dy. 22.2.38 Vide para on p.66 of the Gp. The latest date for the submission of Part II schemes for 38-40 by the Bd. under. is 1.X.38 This may therefore lie over until 5.X.38

(P)

2 & 4/1x Rallings.

Ge 16/9 Ex 16.9.38

19/9

Wh 1-3 C.f

From the Board of Rev. Ref. C. No. 6667/38 of 27.9.38

J. & S.

vide rule at

Pp 37-39 G.S. No. 474 Rev. 22.2.38 (P)

Prior to 1.2.1932 the Hadagalli taluk in the Bellary district was under the charge of a Tahsildar. The taluk consisted of 88 villages. As a measure of retrenchment the Govt. transferred 24 villages to the Harpanahalli taluk and 5 villages to the Hospet taluk and the remainder of the Hadagalli taluk consisting of 59 villages was converted into an independent Deputy Tahsildar's

charge with effect from 1.2.1932.
Five posts of Clerks, 2 posts of Revenue Inspectors and 12 posts of Peons were also abolished in the Hadgalli taluk office while no additional establishment was sanctioned either for Harpanahalli or for Hospet taluks. A Saving of Rs 7488-12-0 per annum was anticipated under "Pay of establishments" as a result of the retrenchment

p. 49 of Ep. 144 & 3 (R) 20.1.32

p. 3 of (P) and X on p. 56 ibid

p. 56 ibid

2. In November 1936 the Coll of Bellary ~~January 1937 the Board of Revenue~~ reported ~~that the experience~~ that the experience of the past four years had shown that the taluk of Harpanahalli had become unmanageable on account of increased work and extensive jurisdiction and the Board of Rev supported the Collector's proposal that the old Hadagalli taluk should be restored. The proposal was examined in detail in 1937 and it was decided that it should be considered as a Part II scheme for 1938-39 The Board considered that the scheme for the restoration of the old Hadgelli taluk was absolutely essential.

Vide Coll's ~~Rep~~ ref at ~~p. 3~~ p. 4 & 6 & S.O. (P)

Vide notes at pp 37-51 & 51 (P)

Vide order & enclosure at p. 54 & S.O (P)

Vide p. 35 & S.O (P)

3. Provision was not made in the

Vide ... year ...)

Yr. extract of fin. Ho. note at b. 70 of (P)

vide G.O. No. 474 Rev. dt. 22.2.38 at p. 66 of (P)

Budget for 1938-39 for the Scheme presumably for want of funds. Accordingly the Board was informed that the Consideration of the proposal for the restoration of the old Hadagalli taluk should be deferred. The Board was asked at the same time to bring forward the scheme, if it Considered it absolutely essential, for Consideration in Connection with the budget for 1939-40.

4 The Board has ~~brought~~ now submitted ~~forward~~ the scheme. It Considers that the ~~restart~~ restoration of the old Hadagalli Taluk is absolutely essential and it requests that the ~~Govt may be pleased to treat the~~ proposal may be treated as a Part II scheme for 1939-40. The ~~reasons~~ reasons for which the scheme was Considered as a Part II scheme in 1938-39 still hold good. ~~This depth may, therefore, support the Boards Collectors proposal to treat the scheme proposal as a Part II scheme for 1939-40~~ ~~Finance may see for remarks before circulation~~

Offrs 30.9.38

In the circumstances, it is

7

Submitted that the Board's proposal for the restoration of the old Hadagalli Taluk may be accepted as an administrative necessity For the cost involved in the proposal please see the printed note at pages 60-62 of G.O. No. 474 Rev dy 22.2.1938. Similar note for 1938-39 will be prepared after the file has been seen by Fin and circulated to Hon Rev. — please see the Fin Dept. Lr. note No. 23305 (Bdg)-1 dy. 5-7-1938

5 The file may be sent to Finance for remarks"

(P) This may be perused 1/10.

1.X.38

1/10

S.

The Collr. has not strengthened the case by his report at p. 3 & Appendix he reports at first that the Land Revenue & even now the only point is up in the air. The R.D.O. views that the restoration is absolutely essential. It may however take its chance with other Part II schemes.

Part II

Rev 3/10

SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT
5 - OCT 1938
FINANCE DEPT.

35427 Fin

5/ 15-

Finance (E.II).

Part II scheme for 1939--40.

Restoration of Hadagalli taluk in the Bellary dt.

Head of account.	Item of expenditure.	Ultimate cost.	Cost in 1939--40. (11 months) Recurring.
		Rs.	Rs.
25. General Administration - Dt. Administration - u.A.1 Taluk Establishment - Ordy. charges - Pay of establishment.	1 Tahsildar on Rs 165-225 (av. 207)	2,484	1,815
	1 Taluk Head Accountant on Rs 85	1,020	935
	5 clerks on Rs 30--55 (av: 42 1/2)	2,525	1,650
	2 clerks to do duty as Rev. Inspectors	1,010	660
	12 peons. 30-55 av: 42 1/2 / 12-17 av. 14.7	2,117	1,584
	Total (A) ..	9,156	5,644
Deduct savings on account of the abolition of the following establishment in the Hadagalli taluk --			
	1 Dy. Tahdr. on Rs120--165 (av: 147)	1,764	1,320
	1 Taluk Headaccountant on Rs 55--70 (av 65 3/4)	789	605
	Total (B) ..	2,553	1,925
	Net extra cost (A - B) (roundly)	6,603 or 6,600	4,719 or 4,700

p. 132 of Demands for Grants for 1938-39

pp 60-61 of G.O. 474 Rev. 22-2-38 (P)

p. 65 of G.O. ibid

See para 2 on p. 66 of G.O. ibid

This scheme was treated as a Part II scheme for 1938--39, but no provision of funds was made. The Board was asked to bring it forward as a Part II scheme for 1939--40 if it considered it absolutely essential. The Board of Revenue has renewed the proposal, and the Revenue Department propose to let the scheme take its chance along with other Part II schemes for 1939--40. This Department may agree.

pp 1-2 C.F

Rev. Sec'y's remarks at the bottom of p. 1 ante

ASSISTANT SECRETARY TO GOVT. Rev. 20 OCT 1938

Thro' B.E.I. 18.10.38

17.10.38

17.10.38

Dis. No. 35627. E II - 19-10-38

C.S. 18.10.38

Rev 19.10.38

Rev.

To W.S.

Rev. Deptt

A draft note treating the proposal as a Part II scheme for 1939-40 is submitted for approval. It may be sent to Fin. for acceptance & for adding their note. (The file may be circulated to W.M. Rest) W.M after its return from Fin.)

For precedent please see page 5 2-5-39

26/10

25/10/38

Fin.

Revised Note 1/38
26/X/38

Finance (C. II)

[Previous Fin. note on p. 5 ante]

The draft note may be accepted, and the following added as the note by this Deptt.—

"The proposal may be considered as a Part II scheme for 1939-40.

Thro'

2.11.38

2.11.38

3.11.38

4.11.38

ASSISTANT SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT
27 OCT 1938
FINANCE DEPT.

No. 3427 C II-

4.11.38

ASSISTANT SECRETARY TO GOVT.
5-NOV-1938

5/11

Rev.

The Part II Scheme note below explains the case. The Govt Dept agree to the scheme being considered as a Part II scheme for 1939-40

(A) Please see para 1 of Govt H.O. 23305 (B.G.) dt 5.7.38. It is not necessary to circulate the file particularly as the proposal was seen & approved by HM Rev & H.P.M. last year - Vide p 54 of G.O. 474 Rev dt 22.2.1938. The note may issue.

(P) [illegible] (28.11.38)

S/11

S

9/11

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

PART II SCHEME FOR ~~1938-39~~ 1939-40.

[SUBJECT.—~~Jurisdiction—Bellary district—Old Hadagalli taluk—Restoration.~~] Restoration of the old Hadagalli taluk of the Bellary district

Summary.

Head of account.	Item of expenditure.	Ultimate cost. Recurring.	Ultimate cost. Non-recurring.	Cost in 1939-40 (11 months) Recurring.	Cost in 1939-40 (11 months) Non-recurring.
		Rs.		Rs.	
25. General Administration—District Administration—~~Other establishments~~—U. A. 1. ~~1~~—Taluk Establishments—Pay of Establishments—~~Voted~~.	One Tahsildar (Rs. ~~100~~-15/2-250, 225) average, Rs. ~~220~~. 207	~~2,640~~ 2484	..	~~1,925~~ 1815	..
	One Taluk Head Accountant (Rs. 85).	1,020	..	935	..
	Five clerks (Rs. 30-55), average, Rs. 42-1/12.	2,525	..	1,650	..
	Two clerks to do duty as Revenue Inspectors (Rs. 30-55), average Rs. 42-1/12.	1,010	..	660	..
	Twelve peons (Rs. 12-17), average, Rs. 14·7.	2,117	..	1,584	..
	Total	~~9,312~~ 9,156	..	~~6,754~~ 6644	..
Deduct savings on account of the abolition of the following establishment in the Hadagalli taluk :—					
	One Deputy Tahsildar (Rs. 120—~~165~~), average, Rs. ~~155~~. 147	~~1,860~~ 1764		1,3~~20~~	
	One Taluk Head Accountant—upper division clerk (Rs. 55—70), average, Rs. 65-3/4.	789		605	
	Total ..	~~2,649~~ 2553	..	1,9~~25~~	
	Net extra cost ..	6,663 or Rs. 6,~~0~~00 roundly.	..	4,719 or Rs. 4,~~7~~00 roundly.	

NOTE BY THE REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Prior to 1st February 1932 the Hadagalli taluk in the Bellary district was under the charge of a Tahsildar. The taluk consisted of 88 villages. As a measure of retrenchment, the Government transferred 24 of the villages to the Harpanahalli taluk and 5 to the Hospet taluk; the remainder of the Hadagalli taluk consisting of 59 villages was converted into an independent Deputy Tahsildar's charge with effect from 1st February 1932. Five posts of clerks, two posts of Revenue Inspectors and 12 posts of peons were also abolished in the Hadagalli Taluk Office while no additional establishment was sanctioned either for the Harpanahalli or for the Hospet taluk. A saving of Rs. 7,488-12-0 per annum was anticipated under 'Pay of establishments' as a result of the retrenchment.

2. ~~Five~~ Six years have now elapsed since the conversion of the old Hadagalli taluk into an independent Deputy Tahsildar's charge. Much difficulty is being experienced particularly in the Harpanahalli taluk. Twenty-four villages were added to this taluk without creating an additional firka and without sanctioning extra staff. The work has in consequence been considerably increased and matters have been made worse by the abolition of the Forest Panchayat Deputy Tahsildar and

Recd

5

the increase in correspondence relating to the Hindu Religious Endowments Board, Co-operative Societies, Abkari, plague, etc. Loans work is particularly heavy. The Tahsildar has to inspect 19 forest panchayats and a large number of minor irrigation works and altogether he has an enormous amount of inspection to do.

3. Further, the 24 villages which were added to the Harpanahalli taluk are not in a compact block but are scattered in different directions. Communications are inadequate in the taluk and it is difficult to move about quickly and with ease. The Tahsildar finds it extremely difficult to inspect and keep in touch with the villages in his unwieldy jurisdiction and this is particularly so in regard to the Mylar-Holal area transferred from the Hadagalli taluk. This area is best approached only via Hadagalli. The Tahsildar has to spend a major portion of his time in travelling and very little time on actual outdoor work. If, for example, the Tahsildar goes to Holal on inspection and if the next important item of work lies in Kanchiheri, he takes days to move from Holal to Kanchiheri the only possible route being *via* Hirehadagalli, Hadagalli and Harpanahalli. The Holal portion is much nearer to and is more easily accessible from Hadagalli than from Harpanahalli and can be more satisfactorily administered as part of the Hadagalli taluk. As matters stand at present, however, the Holal area is the worst in the taluk from the point of view of land revenue collections and other important items of work.

4. The work is equally difficult from the point of view of the Revenue Inspectors. There are only four firkas in the taluk—Harpanahalli, Chigateri, Arsikeri and Teligi. Holal, Mylar and a number of other villages are in the Teligi firka, which is several miles in length. The firka is very unwieldy and the touring therein is extremely difficult. Sometimes the Revenue Inspector, Teligi, is able to reach Holal only through Harpanahalli, Hadagalli and Hirehadagalli. He has to spend a lot of his time travelling in areas outside his firka. The position is the same in the Chigateri firka in respect of the villages round about Ittigi. The unwieldy firka and taluk charges and the nature of the work in the areas have resulted in a great deal of fudging. It is very difficult to overcheck the work of the subordinates and the existing arrangements definitely encourage inefficiency.

5. As a result of the rearrangement ordered in 1932, the number of Revenue Inspector's firkas in the Hadagalli taluk was reduced from four to two and there was also a very large reduction in the staff of the taluk office. The firka charges are very heavy and unwieldy. The reduction in paper work in the taluk office has been disproportionately small compared with the reduction in the strength of the staff. While the staff was cut down by nearly one-half, the work has decreased only by a fifth. The reduced staff has been unable to cope with the work adequately and the quality of the work has deteriorated considerably.

6. With a view to meeting the difficulty of touring and inspection in the Mylar-Holal area from Harpanahalli, this department suggested the transfer of the Holal area to the Hadagalli taluk which was to continue to be under the charge of an independent Deputy Tahsildar with the addition, if necessary, of a new firka with headquarters at Hirehadagalli. Under this proposal 16 out of the 24 villages transferred to the Harpanahalli taluk in 1932 would be retransferred to the Hadagalli taluk. The Collector and the Board of Revenue have examined the suggestion in detail and are of the view that the proposal practically amounts to the restoration of the old Hadagalli taluk with the difference that the taluk would be under a Deputy Tahsildar instead of a Tahsildar as before 1931 and that the establishment would be short by one Revenue Inspector, five clerks and eleven peons. The Collector also reports that all the items of work to be done in a full taluk have to be done in this taluk with only half the strength of the ordinary taluk office. He points out that, though the number of villages in the existing Hadagalli taluk is 59, there are as many as 45 hamlets. The Holal area, though dry, gives much trouble in land revenue collection work as the villages are situated on the borders of the Tungabhadra and the ryots mostly reside on the other side of the river in the

Bombay Presidency and His Exalted Highness the Nizam's Dominions. The Collector and the Board report that if this area is retransferred to the Hadagalli taluk the present staff will be totally unable to cope with the work and that some strengthening of the staff in the Taluk office will be inevitable. In the circumstances the Collector and the Board of Revenue recommend that it is necessary to restore the old Hadagalli taluk in charge of a Tahsildar with its original jurisdiction and establishment. The views of the Collector and the Board are convincing.

The reduction of the Hadagalli taluk was ordered as a measure of retrenchment although the Collector strongly protested against this measure. The experiment has been a failure. ~~The reforms are bound to give more work in the matter of elections and other such matters and it~~ It is desirable to restore the taluk as soon as possible. This department therefore support the proposal of the Collector and the Board and recommend that provision may be included in the budget for 1938-40 as shown in the summary at the head of this note.

This scheme was put forward as a Part II scheme for 1938-39 but no provision of funds was made. The Bd Cer the scheme as absolutely essential

B. G. HOLDS...

Note by the Fin Dept.

The proposal may be considered as a Part II scheme for 1938-40.

(H S
3.11.38)
T N.S-R
4.11.38

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

PART II SCHEME FOR 1939–40.

[SUBJECT.—*Restoration of the old Hadagalli taluk of the Bellary district.*]

Summary.

Head of account.	Item of expenditure.	Ultimate cost.		Cost in 1939-40.	
		Recurring.	Non-recurring	Recurring (11 months).	Non-recurring.
		RS.		RS.	
25. General Administration—District Administration—U. A. 1. Taluk Establishment—Ordinary areas—Pay of Establishment.	One Tahsildar (Rs. 165—225) average, Rs. 207.	2,484		815	..
	One Taluk Head Accountant (Rs. 85).	1,020		935	..
	Five clerks (Rs. 30–55), average, Rs. 42–1/12.	2,525		650	..
	Two clerks to do duty as Revenue Inspectors (Rs. 30–55), average Rs. 42–1/12.	1,010		660	..
	Twelve peons (Rs. 12–17) average, Rs. 14·7.	2,117	..	1,584	..
	Total ..	9,156	..	6,644	..
Deduct savings on account of the abolition of the following establishment in the Hadagalli taluk :—					
	One Deputy Tahsildar (Rs. 120—165), average, Rs. 147.	1,764	..	1,320	..
	One Taluk Head Accountant—Upper division clerk (Rs. 55—70), average Rs. 65–3/4.	789	..	605	..
	Total ..	2,553	..	1,925	..
	Net extra cost ..	6,603 or Rs. 6,600 roundly.		4,719 or Rs. 4,700 roundly.	

NOTE BY THE REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

Prior to 1st February 1932 the Hadagalli taluk in the Bellary district was under the charge of a Tahsildar. The taluk consisted of 88 villages. As a measure of retrenchment, the Government transferred 24 of the villages to the Harpanahalli taluk and 5 to the Hospet taluk; the remainder of the Hadagalli taluk consisting of 59 villages was converted into an independent Deputy Tahsildar's charge with effect from 1st February 1932. Five posts of clerks, two posts of Revenue Inspectors and 12 posts of peons were also abolished in the Hadagalli Taluk Office while no additional establishment was sanctioned either for the Harpanahalli or for the Hospet taluk. A saving of Rs. 7,488–12–0 per annum was anticipated under 'Pay of establishments' as a result of the retrenchment.

2. Six years have now elapsed since the conversion of the old Hadagalli taluk into an independent Deputy Tahsildar's charge. Much difficulty is being experienced particularly in the Harpanahalli taluk. Twenty-four villages were added to this taluk without creating an additional firka and without sanctioning extra staff.

The work has in consequence been considerably increased and matters have been made worse by the abolition of the Forest Panchayat Deputy Tahsildar and the increase in correspondence relating to the Hindu Religious Endowments Board, Co-operative Societies, Abkari, plague, etc. Loans work is particularly heavy. The Tahsildar has to inspect 19 forest panchayats and a large number of minor irrigation works and altogether he has an enormous amount of inspection to do.

3. Further, the 24 villages which were added to the Harpanahalli taluk are not in a compact block but are scattered in different directions. Communications are inadequate in the taluk and it is difficult to move about quickly and with ease. The Tahsildar finds it extremely difficult to inspect and keep in touch with the villages in his unwieldy jurisdiction and this is particularly so in regard to the Mylar-Holal area transferred from the Hadagalli taluk. This area is best approached only via Hadagalli. The Tahsildar has to spend a major portion of his time in travelling and very little time on actual outdoor work. If, for example, the Tahsildar goes to Holal on inspection and if the next important item of work lies in Kanchiheri, he takes days to move from Holal to Kanchiheri the only possible route being *via* Hirehadagalli, Hadagalli and Harpanahalli. The Holal portion is much nearer to and is more easily accessible from Hadagalli than from Harpanahalli and can be more satisfactorily administered as part of the Hadagalli taluk. As matters stand at present, however, the Holal area is the worst in the taluk from the point of view of land revenue collections and other important items of work.

4. The work is equally difficult from the point of view of the Revenue Inspectors. There are only four firkas in the taluk—Harpanahalli, Chigateri, Arsikeri and Teligi. Holal, Mylar and a number of other villages are in the Teligi firka, which is several miles in length. The firka is very unwieldy and the touring therein is extremely difficult. Sometimes the Revenue Inspector, Teligi, is able to reach Holal only through Harpanahalli, Hadagalli and Hirehadagalli. He has to spend a lot of his time travelling in areas outside his firka. The position is the same in the Chigateri firka in respect of the villages round about Ittigi. The unwieldy firka and taluk charges and the nature of the work in the areas have resulted in a great deal of fudging. It is very difficult to overcheck the work of the subordinates and the existing arrangements definitely encourage inefficiency.

5. As a result of the rearrangement ordered in 1932, the number of Revenue Inspector's firkas in the Hadagalli taluk was reduced from four to two and there was also a very large reduction in the staff of the taluk office. The firka charges are very heavy and unwieldy. The reduction in paper work in the taluk office has been disproportionately small compared with the reduction in the strength of the staff. While the staff was cut down by nearly one-half, the work has decreased only by a fifth. The reduced staff has been unable to cope with the work adequately and the quality of the work has deteriorated considerably.

6. With a view to meeting the difficulty of touring and inspection in the Mylar-Holal area from Harpanahalli, this department suggested the transfer of the Holal area to the Hadagalli taluk which was to continue to be under the charge of an independent Deputy Tahsildar with the addition, if necessary, of a new firka with headquarters at Hirehadagalli. Under this proposal 16 out of the 24 villages transferred to the Harpanahalli taluk in 1932 would be retransferred to the Hadagalli taluk. The Collector and the Board of Revenue have examined the suggestion in detail and are of the view that the proposal practically amounts to the restoration of the old Hadagalli taluk with the difference that the taluk would be under a Deputy Tahsildar instead of a Tahsildar as before 1931 and that the establishment would be short by one Revenue Inspector, five clerks and eleven peons. The Collector also reports that all the items of work to be done in a full taluk

have to be done in this taluk with only half the strength of the ordinary taluk office. He points out that, though the number of villages in the existing Hadagalli taluk is 59, there are as many as 45 hamlets. The Holal area, though dry, gives much trouble in land revenue collection work as the villages are situated on the borders of the Tungabhadra and the ryots mostly reside on the other side of the river in the Bombay Presidency and His Exalted Highness the Nizam's Dominions. The Collector and the Board report that if this area is retransferred to the Hadagalli taluk the present staff will be totally unable to cope with the work and that some strengthening of the staff in the Taluk office will be inevitable. In the circumstances the Collector and the Board of Revenue recommend that it is necessary to restore the old Hadagalli taluk in charge of a Tahsildar with its original jurisdiction and establishment. The views of the Collector and the Board are convincing.

7. The reduction of the Hadagalli taluk was ordered as a measure of retrenchment although the Collector strongly protested against this measure. The experiment has been a failure. There has been a general increase in the volume of work and it is desirable to restore the taluk as soon as possible. This scheme was put forward as a Part II scheme for 1938–39 but no provision of funds was made. The Board considers the scheme as absolutely essential. This department therefore support the proposal of the Collector and the Board and recommend that provision may be included in the budget for 1939–40 as shown in the summary at the head of this note.

B. G. HOLDSWORTH—26-10-38.

NOTE BY THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

The proposal may be considered as a Part II scheme for 1939–40.

T. N. S. RAGHAVAN—4-11-38.

Revenue Deptt.

bp 13-16 Aug.

To H.S.-

Printed Copies of the Part II scheme notes from the Press have been received & 30 Copies may be sent to Finance Deptt. A draft no note is submitted for approval

bpl
26.11.28

26/11

28/11

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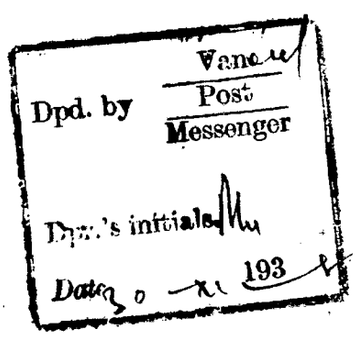
Revenue Dept.

Revenue GO No 1607C/38. Dt 28-11-38.

Restoration of the old Hadagalli taluk of the Bellary Dt. Part II scheme for 1939-40

Thirty printed Copies of the note on the above Part II scheme are put up below. They may be sent to the Finance Dept.

To the Fin. Dept. (with 30 Copies)



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C.F. 16.

DRAFT FOR APPROVAL.

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SUBJECT :— Rev Deptt

CLB Dy + subsidy file 27/6/[illegible]39

READ AGAIN _____, dated _____ 19____.

,, ,, _____ ,, _____ 19____.

READ *ALSO* :—

C No. ~~1246~~ 1607/38 From the Bd of Rev Rycs No. 6667/38, dated 27.9.38 19____. cf

,, _____ ,, _____ ,, _____ ,, _____ 19____.

,, _____ ,, _____ ,, _____ ,, _____ 19____.

~~Order~~ ~~Resolution~~ ~~Ms.~~ ~~Rout.~~ No. 297, dated 6 2 19 39.

The Govt direct that the proposal for the restoration of the old Hadagalli taluk of the Bellary Dt which was considered as a part II Scheme for 1939-40 should be dropped for the present.

The Bd of Rev ✓

copy to Fin. Deptt ✓

Dy 6/2

4.2.39

Deptt 297/2 EW

4-2-39

Clk